

# National Board of Examinations

**Question Paper Name :** DNB General Medicine Paper3

**Is this Group for Examiner? :** No

**Enable Mark as Answered Mark for Review and Clear Response :** Yes

**Question Number : 1 Question Type : SUBJECTIVE**

- a) Early post-transplant care of kidney transplant recipient. [5]
- b) Posterior reversible encephalopathy syndrome. [5]

**Question Number : 2 Question Type : SUBJECTIVE**

- a) Describe the grading of subarachnoid hemorrhage. Discuss its laboratory evaluation and treatment options. [2+(2+3)]
- b) Describe the clinical features and therapeutic options in a patient with Pneumocystis jirovecii pneumonia. [3]

**Question Number : 3 Question Type : SUBJECTIVE**

- a) Cutaneous features of sarcoidosis. [5]
- b) Direct acting antiviral therapies for chronic hepatitis C infection. [5]

**Question Number : 4 Question Type : SUBJECTIVE**

- a) Heparin induced thrombocytopenia. [5]
- b) Hypogonadism. [5]

**Question Number : 5 Question Type : SUBJECTIVE**

- a) Diabetic dyslipidemia. [5]
- b) Management of drug resistant tuberculosis. [5].

**Question Number : 6 Question Type : SUBJECTIVE**

- a) Alcohol use disorders. [5]
- b) Parenteral nutrition therapy. [5]

**Question Number : 7 Question Type : SUBJECTIVE**

Write down the differences between ulcerative colitis and Crohn's disease. How will you diagnose and treat a case of Crohn's disease? [5+5]

**Question Number : 8 Question Type : SUBJECTIVE**

- a) Describe the major systemic sclerosis-specific autoantibodies and their principal associated features. Briefly discuss the pulmonary features of systemic sclerosis. [2+3]
- b) Write a note on acute mountain sickness. [5]

**Question Number : 9 Question Type : SUBJECTIVE**

Discuss modified-Duke's criteria for the clinical diagnosis of infective endocarditis. Write a note on surgical treatment of infective endocarditis. [3+7]

**Question Number : 10 Question Type : SUBJECTIVE**

Draw a labelled diagram showing coagulation cascade. Enumerate the laboratory assessment methods of a patient suspected to have clotting factor deficiency. Briefly outline the treatment principles of classic hemophilia. [3+2+5]